And it says here that night was Beleshazzer king of theChaldenas slain
well how would Daniel/write from this so confused from such--- and mixed
ever
up as this? It was written 400 years later at the time of the Macabees
it is perfectly simple to see how they might get the facts a little
crooked and get the kings name wrong and get his   wrong   conquest.
It is perfectly natural to get   400 years later and all the
However with that not every one was satisfied and Prof   investigation in
began
the British museum . They have in the British museum thousands of clay
tablets which have been found in Babylon and brought to British museum.
These clay tablets were   and most all   . And they are dated
according the reign of the kings they are in and those from the reign
of the king and he took those from the King   , the last king of Bablylon
and began to   matters he came upon H tablet which contained the name
Belshazzer.   in the reign of Belshzer . And then he found a house in
which a man rented a house and he said he was renting it-for as agent for
Belshazzer the King   . And then he went further and he found other
documents in which an oath was taken in the name of Nabonia and Belshazzer
The oath was not in name of a god er a reigning king and so this was the
first step of proof that Naboniath had   king.   Now at Professor D
university and he made a further study of it and the wrote a volumn which
appeared in a series   in 1928
/known as Yale Oriental Research/which appeared in . A volume which he
called Manoni   and Beleshazzer. And in this volume rofessor Dowery
     and he brought the evidence so strongly so that no   whatsoever.
The fact that Manonith during the last years of his reign, lived in
retirement at Tema, an oais in the Euraminian desert and there devoted
investigation
himself to the study of archeology and   his accomplished/which is in
     early history of Babylonia. And while he was living there, h made
his son Beleshazzer quote him with him. And Beleshazer ruled in
Babylon   and was comander   and was the actual reigning king, even
though Ananias was first in line, the two of them being the two   for
king