

is one with which every Christian should be thoroughly familiar and I believe every Christian leader should know its date, certainly. I think it is a very good idea to know the date of the Council of Constantinople, too, 381. Though this is not as important as the Council of Nicea. But it did help to reaffirm what Nicea had done, with ~~xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx~~ comparatively little added, but to reaffirm it, and it signaled the end of the great Arian controversy, even as the Council of Nicea was its beginning.

(question) Where can you get a copy of the Nicene Creed? I believe in almost any Lutheran Church at a communion service they recite the Nicene Creed instead of the Apostles Creed. And there are some other denominations which do too. Now there is this to mention. That there has been a certain amount of question as to some of the details of the creed, and the exact form. I think it is as good a place as any to get details on creeds is Schaff's series of three volumes, Schaff's Creeds of Christendom. Where he attempts to give the forms of the creeds in different periods and the ~~xxxxxxx~~ Creed of Nicea ~~xxx~~ as originally given and then as it was given by the Council of Constantinople. And then as finally adopted by the whole Christian church. But there are certain points of detail on which there is some dispute as to exactly what they were. I think most any good church history book will give you this.

(question) The Council of Constantinople put an end ~~xxxxxxx~~ to the controversy. The Council of Nicea had not been accepted by the eastern people, and ~~xxx~~ the emperor had tried to destroy it. I think the stand of Athanasius and of the three Capadocian fathers probably had as much to do as anything with winning people to the orthodox view, and then of course, it was Theodosius, the new emperor, who became emperor in 379, who wanted the thing settled, ~~xx~~ and he wanted it settled in the orthodox direction.

(question) The word ecumenical originally, most church histories will say, the word ecumenical meant involving the whole Roman empire. Covering the whole Roman empire. Now, of course, the word itself does not necessarily mean the Roman empire, literally, it means household, the whole household of faith, and the fact of the matter is that ~~xxxxxxxxxxxx~~ at the Council of Nicea they had