them about the hist. between 451 and 600, and not a great deal about the hist, between 600 and 800, but the general type of thing that happened, the general civilization, the general culture, the general situation between 451 and 600 is almost identical with that between 600 and 800, and there is not a great difference between them and and that is why we put them together. It is a period which belongs together, because the barbarians began to come into the empire in great numbers before 400 and by 450 the empire was practically submerged// by the barbarians. After that there were little groups which maintained the Roman civilization, but they were small in comparison to the great mass of the empire, which was under the Germanic control. And there is not a great differen if you want to pick a point for a change, and about 400 would be tghe time of the change, but the point of the fact that the barbarians were marching through the empire during the large part of the time between 400 and 450, the old Roman civilization was still maintianing itself in many sections until about \$ 450, so that I think that is as good a dividing point as any between anxeix ancient and medieval hist. Those four centuries concern us greatly, they are tremenedously important to us. Now the medieval ch. hist. I divided into three sections, and the first of them I said about a 1000, I will give you an exact date, 451 to 1073. Now here you cannot say that is when there was a sharp x change from one period to another, but aroudn that time a great change was coming in. In 1073 a man became pope who raised the power of the parky papacy to a higher level than it had ever had before, and so most churches begin an era with the beginning of his reign as pope, Gregory 7th. During the time from 451 to 1073 there were occasional times when the bishop of Rome and had a great deal of power and gloery, but they are comparatively rare and comparatively brief. During the period from 451 to 1073 the Germanic tribes are getting established here and there throughout western Europe and to it is the history, principally, of these different sections and how gradually the tribes settled down in one place and another, and their relationship to the old TR Roman civilization. It is the hist. of which there is not so much told of in our books, as a matter of fact it is not preserved nearly as accuratiely