Adv. Pr.4/21/47. (/ 10. (9) 57.

Then, that s certainly seems a reasonable interpretation here, doesn't it R/.

Stu: Schaff makes a division there between 9 and 10. I didn't read it in detail, however, he makes doesn't fonnect a division at verse 2, he includes verses 1 to 9, the downfail of the worldly powers, and Zion's joyful resurrection. Well, that should be (9 1/2)

MacR Yes, he makes a division then between verse 9 and 10. Verse 7 says, is Israel wrecked like the other nations, the wicked nations are wrecked? No, he says, he chastises them in measure when (10)

He chastises them but he does not recognize, and the iniquity of Jacob is to be forgiven--

stu: by this, by the chastisement.

MacR: yes, good, this is the )(10 1/4) that's very good. Well, then verse 10, does verse 10 start a new section or continue the same discussion. What are verse 10 and 11 dealing with?

stu: Could that, in verse 2, could that extend in detail, the chastisement? (10 1/2)

He says that they are a people of no understanding, it seems that they could well retain the same logical subject as what has preceeded, still talking about Israel.

MacR: 10 and 11 can be related to what preceeds certainly, but it could relate, in talking about Israel or in talking about Israel's enemies, and which is it?

stu: suggested the one clue, that it is a people of no understanding, why would he retain the singular as though he were still speaking to the point of (11 1/4)

Mac<sup>R</sup>: Well, he might be giving a specific example of an answer. That would be a possibility.

stu: If you take it as Israel, then how do you explain verse 11? (11 1/2)