

importance of the new discoveries that are sure to come in the near future, as they appear.

This latter field consequently is newer and fresher than the former field, but of course is being met in both of them and an understanding of these developments is something that no student of the Bible can afford to be without.

The first half of the lectures I will devote to a general survey of the material from Egypt, from Mesopotamia and from the other foreign nations, trying to stress the most important features that have been discovered there, in corroboration of the Bible and to give a clear idea of the situation as it develops and as it entered so constantly into the events of the Old Testament.

During the second half of the course, I will try to give an idea of the principal^es that are being used in Palestine archaeology and of the principal discoveries that have been made there, of the outstanding ways in which the biblical record has been corroborated in the discoveries there and also to lay our ~~emphasis~~ on the land of Palestine itself.

I found after my four months in Palestine that the Bible had become a new book to me. What previously had been only names of places had now become living realities. When I speak of the various cities of the Old Testament, they are as vividly presented to my mind as Philadelphia, New York, Boston and other American cities. I have a vivid feeling of their ~~geological~~^{geographical} relation to each other of the lay of the land where they are and the general situation. This makes it possible to read the Bible with far more appreciation than before. I believe that without some clear idea of the outstanding features of biblical ~~geology~~^{geography}, it is impossible to clearly understand the historical portions of the Bible.

I shall try to give some idea in the second half of the course of the outstanding physical features of Palestine, of the new