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~~train~~ ~~rail road~~ or airplane ~~transportation~~ timetables, or ~~whether~~ when they calculate ~~interest~~ interest. In all other connections the word "day" is used in one of two senses, both of which are quite different from this.

The most common ~~sense~~ usage of "day" is ^{to represent} a period of light between two periods of darkness. This period varies greatly. In the northern part of ~~the~~ continental United States it may be as long as eighteen hours in mid-summer, and as short as six or seven in ~~mid-winter~~ midwinter. In northernmost Alaska it might be as ~~long~~ long as six months. ~~One thing about it of which we can be sure is that it is rarely rarely is it static.~~

The other sense in which the word is quite commonly used is the sense of a period of activity. ~~I incline to think that actually this is the source of our using the word for a period of light between two periods of darkness.~~ ^{Once I heard} Thus I remember ~~hearing~~ ^{sneaking} the mayor of New York ^{refer to "what"} say on the radio that Al Smith used to say ~~in his day~~ "in his day." I am sure that he did not refer to any twenty-four ^{hour} day. ^{Similarly} I heard someone ~~else~~ say that "they did not have automobiles in Lincoln's day." The New Testament ^{states} ~~says~~ that ^{Jesus} Abraham said, "Abraham saw my day and was glad." Here certainly ~~He~~ was referring to the entire period of His earthly activity, not to any one period of light, and certainly not to any one twenty-four-hour period.

The first usage of the word "day" in the Scripture is in ~~Genesis~~ Genesis 1:5 where it says, "God called the light Day, and the darkness he called Night." This certainly does not refer to a twenty-four-hour period. ~~Then there are the six uses the length of which is not stated.~~ ^{after the account of} In Genesis 2, ⁴⁻ it says, "These are the generations of the heavens and of the earth when they were created, in the day that the LORD God made the earth and the heavens." ^{In this instance} ~~These are the generation of heaven and earth in the day when they were created."~~ ^{here evidently} Thus the word "day" ~~in this verse~~ includes the whole six days of the previous chapter. ^{There are many other similar instances, as in the frequent references to "the day of the Lord." It seems} Thus it seems ~~to me~~ to be quite clear that in normal present day usage, and certainly in Biblical usage the word ~~day~~ "day" ^{often} means a

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