Lecture # 10

Daniel

I believe you all have copies of this I gave out a couple weeks ago about the Seleucids and Ptolemies. It starts after Alexander's death. In the left column it lists Seleucid kings and kings of Egypt with their dates places next to each other so you can see who was reigning when somebody else was much easier than if you just had the two lists separately.

In copying things it is very easy to make mistakes. In fact it is very difficult to keep from making any mistake. I made a mistake on this. I don't know how I did it, but I think it is fairly easily remedied. If you have this sheet in front of you, I'd like to have your correct this. Anybody who does not have it with you, look on to someone's next to you. I Have a few extras to give to any who need them after class.

This relates to the Seleucid kings. Under Seleucus II. You notice I have II in parenthesis because this devise of calling them I, II, and III, and IV is a modern device-- I don't know if I should say modern, but at least not in the time they were living. So he was called Seleucus Calanicus, but we call him Seleucus II which is simpler for us. Sometimes for the Ptolemies you find the numbers a little different because there may be differing traditions as to their order, but their names are definite. So I've put their names and numbers down.

Right under him, I said madried Laodice, also married Bernice' daughter Ptolemy II.

That should have been under Antichus II, of course. When I discussed that in class I k said they were the wives of Antiochus II. I don't know how it slipped down to the space under Seleucus there. What is written under Seleucus II should simply be moved up.

Then I have under Seleucus II reference to his two sons. That should stay as it is. That is under Seleucus II. It should not be under Laodice but should be directly under Seleucus II. The way I have these lines twisted around is so the one at the left **should** shows the oldest son; the one at the right the youngest son. Then they go to the sons below. He was succeeded by Seleucus III and then after he had reigned 3 yrs. there was a riot in the army and he was killed and his younger brother took over. Antéochus III

Similarly below on your sheet I've shown the same way -- the older son and the younger son, and the order in which they came which is a little more complicated in the later case than in this one. That's a comparatively small thing but I wanted to be sure you had your lists correct.

Now I'd like to say a word about today's assignment. The assignment for today was to look at certain verses and briefly answer the follow gmesk ing questions. Now these questions relate to matters we have already discussed, in class. Most of you --three-fourths at least, gave a very good answer to these two questions. But there were maybe a fifth of the class who did not have in mind the two matters to which this referred. So I