and the horse became the great industry of Egypt,- they were not going to
be conquered again, the way they had been before. Well, in the time of the
later kingdom of Israel, one would hardly have known about this, and yet
you find in this list the horse is just left out. Which makes it fit exactly
with its having been written in the time of Abram; it does not fit with its
having been written in the time of the later Israelite kingdom.

I told this story as much as thirty years ago. It is a very interest-
ing, striking evidence of the accuracy of the Scripture. Then one day I
decided not to tell it and for a long time I did not tell this incident.
And the reason I did not tell it was because I picked up a book which came
out in 1928, written by a professor in Liverpool University, professor of
Egyptology, a man who was prone to sneer at the Bible. This man said, "oh,
yess, it is interesting that there are no horses mentioned in that verse.
Very natural. But notice how the verse ends,- 'servants, and she asses and
camels', but they didn't have camels. Why is Abram mentioned as having
camels in Egypt? Of course some one in the later Israelite kingdom writing
about Abram in Egypt would imagine they had camels, but there weren't any
camels in Egypt at the time of Abram. It is an utter inaccuracy here". I
read that statement in 1928 in Professor P_____ 's book, and I said,
"What is the answer?" I went to the Encyclopedia Brittanica; the last time
I consulted the Encyclopedia Brittanica on this particular point was in
1934. But in the 1934 edition of the Encyclopedia Brittanica the statement
is made in the article on ancient Egypt xx by Professor Hall, keeper of
antiquities of the British Museum, that the camel was unknown in Egypt
until the later Persian period, until the third or fourth century B.C.
No camels in Egypt,- and yet Genesis says Abram had camels, too. Well, when
you find a contradiction between the encyclopedia and the Bible, look at
your Bible, see what your evidence is, and then if you still find a contra-