a great area so light as to encompass all of what are now our planets, that in different sections of this matter began to coagulate together forming various planets, but the great amount of the area between them and the sun was still filled with tremendous amount of solar dust so that no sun was visible to them. In fact, thus a light would have come to the earth long before there would be any appearance of the sun , moon, or stars. Gradually the earth would cool off to the point where it would be possible to have vegetation to be produced and photosynthesis would occur. This stage would be ... sometime the moon and stars would be visible. It may very well be that the Venus, the planet Venus is in a similar situation today. Certain scientists have only recently announced that they believe that there is an evidence of ice in the shoud that surrounds the Venus. This may have been the situation in our earth in the time when the vegetation first began here. Eventually, this dust could have fallen back upon the sun , and the clear space between the earth and the sun, the space would become clear so that the sun, moon and stars would be visible as to designate time. There are many things that are not known about the origin of our solar system. It is really a wonderful system. We realize that within a plane varying not more than 3 ~~percent~~, 3 degrees, we have 9 major planets and perhaps 1500 minor planets all going around the sun in the same direction. There is a marvellous system and order in the solar system. The sun, however, revolves at an angle about 7% off from the plane in which these planets go around it. The center of the sun takes about 25 days for a revolution, while the area away from the sun's equator takes longer. So that a third of the way between it and the poles it takes 28 days and 2/3 of the way it takes about 30 days for a revolution of the sun on its axis to occur.